WinFrog Device Group:	INS
Device Name/Model:	HUMPHREY DGH
	Dutile, Glines and Higgins Corporation
Device Manufacturer:	Tel: (603) 622-0452 Email: <u>techsupport@dghcorp.com</u>
Device Data String(s) Output to WinFrog:	Item, voltage (mv)
WinFrog Data String(s) Output to Device:	N/A
WinFrog Data Item(s) and their RAW record:	ATTITUDE DATA 413

# **DEVICE DESCRIPTION:**

The DGH voltage input product line consists of three different model series: D1100, D1100M and D2100. Each series converts analog DC voltage signals to digital information, linearizes the digital data and communicates the values to a host computer or PLC. The data values are transmitted to a host computer via an RS-232 or RS-485 serial communications link using either an ASCII protocol or Modbus RTU (D1100M only) protocol.

The D1100 series modules convert and linearize DC voltages to engineering units scaled in millivolts. The values are communicated to a host computer using an ASCII protocol over either RS-232 or RS-485 serial communications link.

This driver converts the millivolt output to degrees.

# **DEVICE CONFIGURATION INSTRUCTIONS**

#### WINFROG I/O DEVICES > EDIT I/O:

Serial 300,8,n,1 A dialog appears in which to change the name of the device if desired.

# WINFROG I/O DEVICES > CONFIGURE DEVICE:

This device must be configured at the I/O Device window level. In the I/O Devices window, click the device name to select it, then right-click and select Configure Device. The A/D Inclinometer Parameters dialog box appears, as seen below.

A	A/D Inclinometer Parameters				
	Angle	Voltage	Angle (deg)		
	Lower	4.0	0.0		
	Upper	8.0	45.0		
Scaler 1.0					
Offset 0.0					
	Angle = Delta Angle * ( Obs value * Scaler - Lower Voltage ) / Delta Voltage				
Delta = Upper - Lower					
OK Cancel Help					

The Upper and Lower values for the Voltage and Angle must be determined from the Humphrey DGH documentation or by comparing the values to those observed from another Attitude device. The Angle is determined using the formula shown in the above dialog and adding the offset, as entered in the Offset dialog box, to the result. The Scaler and Offset values can be adjusted, by the operator, to ' fine tune' the device. However, to determine these values an independent device must be used as a reference check.

# WINFROG VEHICLE > CONFIGURE VEHICLE DEVICES > DEVICE DATA ITEM > EDIT:

Adding the Humphrey DGH device creates the ATTITUDE data item. Once the data item has been added to the vehicle, it must be edited to suit the application.

# Data item: INS, HumphreyDgh, ATTITUDE

The Attitude data item must be edited once it is added to a vehicle's device list. Highlight the Attitude data item in the vehicle's device list and click the Edit button. The Attitude dialog box appears as seen below.

Attitude	×	
Application Control	Primary Attitude Device Selection	
© On ⊙ Off	TSS HRP2,ATTITUDE,2,0	
Do not use data if error flag is set	TSS HRP2ATTITUDE 2.0 TSS HRPATTITUDE 3.0	
<ul> <li>High frequency update rate (apply interpolated data)</li> </ul>	C On C Off	
<ul> <li>Low frequency update rate (apply closest data)</li> </ul>	Age of data when switch occurs 20.00	
(413	Offsets	
Pitch Controls	- us Devicited United	
0.000000 Pitch Correction (d.dd) (+ is Bow Up)		
Filter incoming data		
30 Filter Length (Max 30 samples)		
10.00 Data rejection threshold +/- the filter median value (d.dd)	Acoustic Uptions This data type is associated with an LBL system. Select the transponder to use for Attitude data.	
Roll Controls	transponder will be used.	
0.000000 Roll Correction (d.dd) (+ is Starboard Down)	The second secon	
Filter incoming data		
30 Filter Length (Max 30 samples)		
10.00 Data rejection threshold +/- the filter median value (d.dd)	OK Cancel Help	

# Attitude

By default, the sensor mode is off, meaning that data from the attitude device will not be used in the vehicle's calculations. To turn the sensor on, and begin using the inclination corrections in the position output, click the 'On' radio button.

# Error flag testing

The error flag check box is applicable to those devices that output a code indicating the data is either good or bad. If checked and the device supports such a code in its telegram, WinFrog will look at the code and if the data is indicated as bad, WinFrog will not use the data.

# Sensor Update Frequency Rate

If the associated attitude sensor has a high frequency update rate (e.g. 10Hz and higher) it is appropriate to extract attitude data for application by either interpolating or extrapolating for a given epoch. In this case, the *High frequency update* option should be selected. Some attitude sensors have slow update rates, in particular those installed in acoustic transponders that require interrogation. For these sensors interpolation/extrapolation can produce a bad value as there is insufficient information to determine the correct shape of the curve (aliasing). Thus the most

current attitude needs to be used. In this case, select the *Low Frequency update* option. This option applies to the use of the attitude data by the following data items:

- POSITION
- ELEVATION
- ALTITUDE
- XPONDER
- LBL TRANSCEIVER
- PROFILE

#### Pitch and Roll

There are two control groups, one for each of pitch and roll. Correction values can be added in this section of the window. The correction values (entered in units of degrees-decimal degrees) are added to the raw pitch and roll values received from the device before the data is applied to the vehicle's calculations. Ensure that entered values adhere to the sign convention used by WinFrog. You can verify that the corrections are entered properly by viewing the pitch and roll values in the I/O Device window and the Vehicle Text window.

#### Filtering

Additionally you may filter the incoming values to remove extraneous noise or spikes – check boxes are provided to switch this feature on or off. A filter length (up to 30 samples) and a threshold value (applied to the median of the samples in the filter to obtain lower and upper bounds) can be entered. Any pitch or roll values outside of the bounds are rejected and not used in the vehicle calculations, but will be recorded in the RAW files. If either one of pitch or roll is rejected, both values are ignored, although you may set up the filtering parameters for them separately. The status of the filters, including the current valid range for each of pitch and roll, and the percentage of values rejected, can be viewed in the calculations window, selecting the appropriate ATTITUDE data item.

#### Important:

Do not enable filtering unless there is a high enough data rate (say 10hz) to correctly determine the shape of the curve. Essentially, if the low frequency update rate is selected above, do not enable filtering.

#### Primary Attitude Device Selection

If more than one attitude device is present, you may select one of them to be primary and the others to be secondary and allow WinFrog to automatically switch between them should the primary system stop sending data or has bad data. There must be at least two attitude data items added to the vehicle to use this feature. (Note: The attitude and offset data displayed in this dialog is for the attitude device corresponding to the data item that is being edited. Selecting a Primary Attitude Device from the drop down list does not affect these values for any attitude device in the list. Every attitude device needs to be set up for its own corrections and offsets.)

#### Primary Device Auto Switch

Select the On radio button to turn on this feature. Then enter the time out time in the edit box. If WinFrog does not receive data from the primary attitude device, or if it receives bad data for this length of time, it will switch to the next secondary that is enabled and has good data.

#### Auto Switch Feature Usage

To use this feature first turn the sensor on as described in the Attitude section above. Next, select the attitude device that you wish to be primary from the drop down list box. Then turn the primary device auto switch on and enter the time out time. Then edit all the other attitude data items and enable them in the Attitude group box. Note that the same selected primary will be displayed for all attitude data items; similarly, the automatic feature will be turned on and the time out time will be the same. However, you must individually enable each attitude device in the Attitude group box.

#### Offsets

These offsets are used to calculate remote heave (leaver arm). It is expected that these values are the offset from the center of gravity of the sensor. Then using the observed pitch, roll, and heave, the heave at the center of gravity will be calculated and assigned to the vehicle, which may then be output using the INSIX output device. However, it is recommended that the sensor be placed at the center of gravity. If this is not possible, it is better to enter the lever arm offsets into the sensor and have the sensor make the correction, then have the sensor output the corrected values with respect to the center of gravity. The INSIX output device expects that the heave assigned to the vehicle is with respect to the center of gravity.

WinFrog records the attitude data to a type 413 raw data record. This record contains observed Heave, Pitch, Roll, status, accuracy, and a time stamp to indicate precisely when the data was observed. See Appendix B: WinFrog File Formats in the WinFrog User's Guide for details on the Type 413 raw data record.

#### Acoustic Options

This applies to long base line acoustic transponders that have inclinometers. See chapter 17 for more information.

#### **TELGRAM SPECIFICATION:**

Format

Field Item

2-10 Voltage (mV)